

Winter Outfit
and Children's
of the season.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXIV.

ATLANTA, GA., FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 14, 1892

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Four Black Fiends Meet Punishment
Richly Deserved.

STRUNG UP BY THEIR NECKS.
Their Bodies Riddled. Then Torn
Limb from Limb and Burned.

A HORRIBLE CRIME PROMPTLY AVENGED

As Soon as the Guilt of the Negroes Was
Proven, a Mob of Alabamians Settle All
Questions as to Their Punishment.

Montgomery, Ala., October 13.—(Special)—Vengeance, swift and sure, has followed the most diabolical murder which Alabama has known in years and justice has been meted out to four murderers whose crime was characterized by the most fearful details. And the punishment fit the crime. As they listened to the pitiful pleadings of their victims, neither were their pleadings listened to; and as they burned the bodies of those they killed, so were their worthless bodies torn limb from limb—placed in a heap and burned to ashes.

The Story of the Murders.
The story of the brutal killing of Mr. Richard Johnson and his fair young daughter at their house near Bells Landing in Monroe county, on Friday night, shocked the entire country. Mr. Johnson was a prominent and well-do go gentleman who came to Alabama from Massachusetts, and who has been living on a big plantation in Monroe county near the Wilcox line with his beautiful and accomplished daughter. On Friday night, Mr. Johnson was called to his gate by four men. While one asked him a question, another hit him in the head with an ax and he was literally chopped to pieces. Signs of a bloody struggle were everywhere. After killing the father, the murderers hurried to the house and there killed the daughter—it is supposed after assaulting her. They then placed the bodies in the house and set it on fire. The cremated bodies were found the next morning.

Finally, one of them told the story of the crime in the hope of saving himself and confessions were secured from Burill Jones, Moses Johnson, Jim Packard and his brother. They said that their purpose was to assault the young lady and rob her father.

The negroes were placed in jail at Monroeville, but there never was any chance of them escaping the death penalty. The entire state has been greatly wrought up over the terrible crime and no jail was strong enough to prevent swift punishment to follow.

On as soon as the confessions were obtained and there was no possible doubt of the guilt of the four negroes, a mob was at once formed of prominent and respectable citizens who went to Monroeville. They overpowered the sheriff and took the negroes from the jail to carry them back to the scene of the crime to lynch and burn them, as they had burned John and his daughter.

When taken from jail and the custody of the sheriff, they were hurried out of town by the mob which grew in numbers as it proceeded with the fiends incarnate to the scene of the crime. The crowd however never reached there. They were too impudent for vengeance and at an out of the way place they halted, dismounted, tied ropes around the necks of the four negroes and soon they were swinging between heaven and earth. And yet ret living and struggling for breath their bodies were riddled with bullets.

They were then cut down and their limbs were torn apart by the maddened mob and then piled together, placed in a heap and burned as they had burned the bodies of their helpless victims.

The Johnson Family.

Mr. Johnson moved to Monroe in 1867 from Massachusetts and has made a quiet, peaceful citizen and his daughter was a highly accomplished young woman, greatly loved by all who knew her. Mr. Johnson's father owned the same plantation before the war, on which the murderer took place, and he was an extensive planter and was a large slave owner. The son did not farm much but rented his farm to negro tenants, with whom he was always quite popular, paying them promptly in cash for their services when employed by him. Among the negroes the greatest indignation prevailed and had they been allowed to do so, they would have lynched the unenders.

EXCITEMENT AT COFFEYVILLE.

Friends of the Daltons to Clean
Out the Town.

Parsons, Kan., October 13.—Mayor Gregory, of this city, at 10:30 o'clock this morning, received a dispatch from Coffeyville, Kansas, the scene of the last raid by the Dalton gang, stating that the town was about to be cleaned out by the remnants of the gang and asking for assistance. A large number of citizens were notified of the receipt of the Coffeyville appeal and some two hundred volunteered to form a posse to reinforce the people of the threatened town. Officials of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway, the headquarters of which are located here, helped to the free use of a special train and a start was about to be made when another dispatch from Coffeyville was received stating that the number of the attacking party was smaller than had been

previously supposed, and the police of the town would receive that alone. The posse disbanded.

The first message received stated that it was the intention of the officials and friends of the dead Daltons to have been gathering for several days in the Indian country south of that town, the object being to raise a sufficient force to attack the town and exact revenge for the killing of their celebrated bandit. It is known, however, that Daltons had a numerous following in the territory among the desperadoes of that country and it is believed that they are of desperate enough character to attempt the bold undertaking. It is also known that it was they who held up the Missouri Pacific express near Caney, while they were marching upon Coffeyville as a sort of diversion.

COLONEL MORROW ON THE STAND.

He Attempts to Defend Himself by Shifting the Responsibility.

Columbus, Ga., October 13.—(Special)—There were standing in the court room during the progress of the trial of Colonel J. H. Morrow. The defense played its trump card in the present developments when the jury was thrown into the shade.

The defendant, Colonel Morrow, was put on the stand and read his signed letter which he wrote Miss Fowler had written to him. The letter stated that Miss Fowler had given to Dr. Frank D. Kendall and that she agreed to perform a similar operation on her for \$250 on the next Tuesday. On the same day Miss Fowler was taken to the later office of Dr. Kendall, the insurance agent, Howard. It declared that Kendall made her swear never to tell it to anyone. As they listened to the pitiful pleadings of their victims, neither were their pleadings listened to; and as they burned the bodies of those they killed, so were their worthless bodies torn limb from limb—placed in a heap and burned to ashes.

Colonel Morrow is behind bars.

AZMON SAYS NO.

He Denies Having Made the Statement About That Egg.

THERE MAY BE SOME FUN YET.

Mr. Coates Talks About That Paper-A Rail-road Story-An Approaching Marriage-Local and Personal.

Macon, Ga., October 13.—(Special)—This morning the Constitution told of the serious charges brought against Mr. Butler, business manager of The Macon Evening News by The Evening Telegram, in which Mr. Butler is charged with giving Mr. Tom Watson the information on which his untruthful and slanderous publications in The People's Party Paper was based.

As was stated in the report this morning, however, Mr. Butler has cleared his skirts of all blame. This afternoon's Macon News contains a dispatch from Mr. Azmon A. Murphy, dated from Perry, in which Mr. Murphy says:

"I have neither sold nor intimated to anyone that Mr. Butler told Mr. Watson that he was a democratic nominee for representative there an egg at Weaver. Whoever conjectured my name with such information falsifies."

The end of this is not yet and as the lie has passed several times it is to be presumed that the matter will be sifted to the bottom. Mr. Butler says that he is determined to locate the author of the story which he has already denounced as false in every particular.

Mr. Coates' Side.

In an interview published in The Constitution this morning Mr. Tom Watson charges that The Macon Telegraph borrowed paper on which to print its issues from The People's Party Paper, and that the draft for \$150, the amount due, was returned unpaid. Mr. John Coates, of The Macon Telegraph, told me this morning that the draft was presented during the absence of the officials in charge of the paper, and was returned only by mistake. He says that The Telegraph has always stood ready to pay any demand emanating from a legal claim and more especially from The People's Party Paper.

An Important Decision.

Judge Emory Speer passed an important order Tuesday at Mt. Airy that materially affects the case of J. S. McTigue & Co., et al. vs. H. J. Lamar, J. F. Hanson, et al.

Mr. Olin Wimberly and District Attorney Marion Erwin appeared before him and urged that the sale of the assets of H. J. Lamar, J. F. Hanson, et al. be postponed until after the sale of the assets of J. S. McTigue & Co. et al.

After hearing argument, Judge Speer decided that the sale should proceed and issued an order to that effect.

This will cause the sale of certain property belonging to H. J. Lamar, J. F. Hanson, et al. as sureties for McTigue & Co. et al. by the United States marshal.

Catholics Will Celebrate.

Sunday next the Catholics of Macon celebrate the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America in grand style.

The ceremony will be particularly pleasant. The discourse of the day will be given by Rev. Dr. R. C. Weise, of St. Stanislaus. The altar and church will be profusely decorated. Organist Weise is preparing a grand vocal treat for the services at 10:30 and at 4:30 and the choir will be largely increased for this occasion.

Dempsey—Loemis.

Mr. Thomas C. Dempsey, one of Macon's most prominent and respectable citizens, was married quietly in Brooklyn, New York, on the 5th instant to Miss Lillian Loemis of Brooklyn.

Mr. Dempsey is nearly seventy years of age and the bride has seen but twenty summers.

I was reported some time ago that the marriage had actually taken place but the affair was anticipated a few weeks.

Mr. Dempsey owns a large amount of property in Macon and is also owner of considerable entailed property in Ireland.

Railroad Wrecks.

A broken wheel on the engine of the Southbound train on the East Tennessee last night caused considerable delay and brought the East Tennessee train to Macon over the Central.

The accident happened last night but all traffic was blocked for long time. In fact, all trains today were transferred to the Central road.

On the Central.

Another wreck occurred on the Central railroad this afternoon to the train from Savannah, which was delayed several hours. No information could be obtained up to a late hour but beyond the delay it is not thought that anything of a serious nature occurred.

Local and Personal.

Invitations are out amonging the approaching marriage of Mr. Alex E. Harris and Miss Emma Rose, which will occur on the 23rd of this month at Savannah. After the ceremony, which will be performed at the residence of the bride's parents on Hull street, a brilliant reception will be given at Atlanta.

Miss Mary V. Moody, aged fifteen years, breathed her last this morning at her home, No. 106 Second street, after a brief illness. She was an estimable young lady and had been a resident of Macon for four years. The remains will be shipped to Augusta.

Three of the new cars for the Consolidated Street Car Company arrived this morning via the East Tennessee road and were promptly unloaded. They will be taken to the car shed at once and put in thorough order. Two more are expected tomorrow or Saturday.

The train from Atlanta this morning brought the body of Captain George W. A. Brantley to this city for interment. A number of relatives and friends met the remains at the station at 11 o'clock. Interment at Rose Hill cemetery.

Commissioner L. M. Erwin leaves this afternoon by the East Tennessee for Nashville, where he goes as a delegate to the general convention of the Christian church.

The trial of Mrs. Watson will occur on Saturday, and there are about sixty who will be examined. The examinations will commence at 10 o'clock and will be concluded at 3 o'clock.

Miss Carolyn Anderson will return to Atlanta Saturday. Mrs. Anderson has been the recipient of many flattering attentions while in Macon.

The condition of Mr. Joannes, Macon's track leftfielder, shows marked improvement and hopes are entertained for his recovery.

Hon. E. L. Dennard, of Perry, is in the city today. Mr. Dennard has recently been very sick and his many friends in the city are glad to see him out again.

The Rehahab Convention.

Forsyth, Ga., October 13.—(Special)—The fifth annual meeting of the Baptist Rehahab association convened here this morning at 10:30 o'clock. A great many of the delegates came in this morning and others are expected this afternoon and tomorrow. There will be a short session and a second debate. Both the visitors and the delegation are composed of the churches of Macon, Fort Valley, Marshallville, Montezuma, Thomas, Gray, Forsyth, and

besides many country churches. Of course the association is simply an advisory body and has no authority over the various churches. The reports of the committees to work done by the churches are very gratifying.

The familiar faces of Dr. E. W. Warren and the late Dr. J. D. Ryals are sadly missed in this meeting. Dr. Ryals only a short time ago was called home to his reward, and Dr. Warren is kept away on account of feeble health.

Dr. R. D. Mallory, pastor of the Vine Hill Baptist church, was elected moderator of the body.

JUDGE HAMILTON MCWHORTER

Lies at Death's Door at His Home in Lexington.

Lexington, Ga., October 13.—(Special)—The many friends of Judge Hamilton Whorter, throughout the state, will learn with deep sorrow of his critical illness.

Judge McWhorter has been sick with typhoid fever for some time at Indian Springs but recovered sufficiently to be carried to his home several days since. A relapse set in, however, and yesterday his physicians, Drs. Williamson, of Lexington, and Hill of Washington, pronounced his condition serious and critical. They did not give up the hope that he might recover, but said that the chances were against him.

Todays temperature was at a very high point, and he was delirious. His relatives and a large number of friends are at his bedside, and every attention that loving hands can give is being administered.

Tonight there is little change in the condition of Judge McWhorter, and if any it is slightly for the better.

Judge McWhorter has lesions of friend in Georgia whose own prayers advised that he may recover and continue to be useful to his state and his people, as well as a blessing to his family.

Mrs. Coates Conflicting Stories and It Is Thought Did Not Tell Wilkerson.

Rome, Ga., October 13.—(Special)—The Wilkinson trial reached an acute stage today. Mrs. Stephens was put on the stand to testify and she told a very conflicting and unsatisfactory story and it is thought that her testimony damaged rather than helped the cause of Wilkerson.

The love letters which had passed between her and Wilkerson were read and exposed and Wilkerson was accused of having been greatly tangled by the cross examination by J. W. Harris. She was on the stand all this afternoon and will remain all day tomorrow.

The court house was so packed today that it was impossible for any one to pass through the aisles.

AFTER AN ALLEGED MURDER.

A Possey of Citizens After a Man for Whom \$1,000 Was Offered.

Young Harris, Ga., October 13.—(Special)—A posse of citizens of Cleveland passed through Young Harris in pursuit of a young man named Higginson, who is believed to be an Alabama murderer and for whom a reward of \$1,000 was offered.

"Peek's coffin" was pulled by a double team in the procession. Each ward's democratic club was in the torchlight procession.

The distinguished speakers and visitors from a distance—Governor Northern, Congressman Henry G. Turner, Congressman Leonidas Livingston, Hon. H. W. J. Ham, Hon. James H. Blount, Hon. W. A. Wright, Hon. Alfred Harrington and Hon. R. T. Nesbitt—were in the procession and rode in handsome carriages. Governor Northern's carriage was pulled by four handsome gray and the lines were held by Captain Evans Heggie, the veteran turfman.

The banner democratic county extended a warm welcome to the seventy thousand majority governor of Georgia. He was met at the depot upon his arrival this afternoon by delegations from the Young Men's Democratic League and was received with loud cheers and booming of cannons.

The Speaker Before the Arlington.

The speaking took place in front of the Arlington hotel on Broad street. The meeting was called to order by Mr. Boykin Wright who introduced Governor Northern, who presided over the meeting. The crowd loudly cheered as Governor Northern marched upon the stand, locked arms with Major Jack. The crowd rushed up to the governor and all who could do so heartily shook his hand and congratulated him.

Governor Northern, after being introduced, made a twenty minute speech. He gave

an address to the audience in honor of the magnificient demonstration in honor of the great majority recently won by the democracy of Georgia.

He said the democracy in Georgia was not dead; that every true patriot deserves a seat in the state and union government, that he had been elected to represent the governors political record won in Georgia last week. He said it was a great victory, gladly won and showed that the people were in favor of their constitutional rights and a free government—against socialism, anarchism, communism, oppression and misrule, and that the south will remain solid and will go solidly for Cleveland and tariff reform.

The governor after extending congratulations for the past victory, said the people must gain inspiration for the future, for if democracy fails in November the glory of the past successes will be lost and we will suffer the hardships of high protection, a severe system of finance, and the deprival of our free rights. "We cannot afford to fail" the governor said. "And though we have succeeded over our brothers in battle we cannot afford to strike them while they are down. We should lead them back to democratic fold and show them the error they have made."

The governor paid Major Black a handsome compliment as a pious christian gentleman tried to his conscience and God.

Congressman Turner.

Eastman, Ga., October 13.—(Special)—The county fair opened yesterday and it is the best the county has ever had.

The displays of agricultural and household products are very good indeed. They are the best exhibited will be given of the industries of Georgia. There are also some fine horses, cattle and horses on exhibition. In fact the whole fair does credit to the county and speaks well for the efforts of Mr. C. B. Murphy, the president, who has labored earnestly to make it a success. It will continue through the week and the public will avail themselves of the reduced rates given by the railroads.

North State Notes.

Raleigh, N. C., October 13.—(Special)—Governor Holt today, in compliance with an invitation to name a special day at the world's fair next year, for any ceremonies he may desire to have, named August 18th. In his letter he says: "I have named this day because it is the anniversary of the birthday of Virginia Dare, the first white child born in America, and for whom a county in our state is named."

The governor today commuted the death sentence of Leah Nixon, the negro woman who was to have been hanged in Perquimans county and killed today. When she was condemned to death she was a tenant of the plantation now owned by Mr. W. H. Turner.

Leah Nixon was found guilty of killing her husband and her sentence is commuted to life imprisonment because of this and also because she was the state's witness.

Killed by His Tenant.

Monroe, Ga., October 13.—J. A. Rouse, a Negro, was killed by his tenant, W. H. Desard, yesterday. Rouse was a cook and killed two of his wife's children.

One of the tenants of the plantation who had been ordered to leave the place. The murderer escaped.

Death in the Mine.

Savannah, Ga., October 13.—An explosion of gas occurred at Sterling collars this morning supposed to have been caused by a nail of coal breaking a miner's lamp. One man was killed, four injured, and seven others entombed. It is believed that the latter are all dead. Up to tonight the searching party has been unable to reach the missing ones, owing to so much "black damp."

Deaths in the City.

Rosa, the infant child of Mr. Charles Chisholm, died yesterday at 318 Union street.

Mr. R. M. Bean, aged 69 years, who was a butcher by trade, died yesterday. He resided in his family residence 105 Martin street. His remains will be carried to Westview for interment.

The remains of Miss Winona Mowry, aged 16 years, who died of typhoid fever yesterday at the residence of her family on Capitol avenue, were carried to DeGrate, Ohio, for burial.

The Champion Picker.

Palmetto, Ga., October 13.—(Special)—Mr. Oliver Jackson, the champion cotton picker, comes forward with another big day's work. He picked alone in two hours 602 pounds of cotton. The cotton crop in this section is very short and although the weather continues a little while longer it will be about all out.

When Nature

needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy in the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company.

A NIGHT OF IT.

The People of Augusta Celebrate and Jollify.

TWENTY THOUSAND PARTICIPATE

In the Great Demonstration in the Banquet of the City of State—The Governor's Big Reception.

Augusta, Ga., October 13.—(Special)—The democrats of the tenth district gathered in Augusta tonight and rejoiced in their big victory in the state election and of the buoyant preparation for a greater triumph in the national election. It was the greatest public demonstration of the campaign and was becoming the citadel of this famous old congressional district. The whole city turned out and there were thousands of democrats here from other counties in the district. The untired democrats of Augusta handsomely showed their strength for Black. Fully twenty thousand people were out in the streets tonight and heard the speaking.

A Grand Torchlight Procession.

At 7 o'clock, before the speaking commenced, there was a grand torchlight procession and military parade through the streets. Colonel J. C. Levy was marshal of the night. Cannons were fired and bands played, shout of joy rent the air.

The parade was a festival affair, equal to carnival times. More than a thousand torches were carried by whites and blacks.

Military, civic and flambeaux organizations and the fire and police department were all in line and the Black Hussars, five hundred strong, were out in full uniform and great shape.

"Peek's coffin" was pulled by a double team in the procession. Each ward's democratic club was in the torchlight procession.

SENATOR DANIEL WILL BE ASKED

To Deliver the Dedication Oration at the World's Fair.

Chicago, October 13.—A local paper says that there is a probability that Senator John Daniel, of Virginia, will be asked to deliver the "Columbian" oration on October 22.

After a massive Colonel Braxton Bragg's final decision, the council of administration talked about the situation and so did the executive committee.

It seemed to be the opinion that the gap ought to be filled, although it was not clear what the exact position was conceded.

Several members of the council expressed the opinion that Senator Daniel would accept the honor and it is more than likely that the Virginian will be invited by telegraph to deliver the main oration of the day.

Kentuckians Are Angry.

Louisville, Ky., October 13.—The Louisville Times, one of the most important newspapers in the state, addressed an open letter to the editor of the Courier Journal, asking him to withdraw his article.

The article, which was written by Senator John Daniel, of Virginia, and published in the Courier Journal, was highly complimentary to the state of Kentucky.

The Louisville Times, in its editorial, said that Senator Daniel's article was a "rude and impudent attack" on Kentucky.

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FREE DELIVERY.

All the Railroads Agree to Abolish the System.
IT COSTS THEM \$250,000 A YEAR.

On Western Business It Will Take Effect October 24th, and on Eastern Traffic January 1st.

The railroads entering Atlanta have decided to abolish the free delivery of freight.

They will quit delivering freight from competitive western points, October 24th, and from eastern points on January 1st, 1893.

This matter has been talked of for a long time. Two or three months ago it was taken up afresh.

The agreement was signed by representatives of all the roads at the rate committee meeting of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association yesterday morning.

This will save the railroads \$250,000 a year, and will cost the merchants of Atlanta the same. A railroad official explaining the decision of the roads said:

"No other city in our territory has free delivery. Indeed, I do not know of a city anywhere that has it. The system was started about September, 1884.

The East Tennessee began it in order to force the other roads to let it into the union depot. All the other lines had to follow suit. Then, the expense of delivering the freight from competitive points is not all the trouble. You will see what an opportunity it offered for rebates and abuses. A rebate could be given through the drayage and that kind of a cut in rates could not be caught up with. Abolish the free delivery and on that score we will all stand on the same footing."

"Other cities have long been complaining at the disadvantage given Atlanta and have claimed that they had equal rights to free delivery. Threats have been made that if we did not extend the same practice to other cities, the roads would be hauled up before the commissioners and compelled to give up free delivery elsewhere. We simply cannot afford to do it. We have long been giving just that much to Atlanta's merchants above what have given in other towns, and I believe the merchants here appreciate it."

Some of the leading merchants said yesterday that they were glad of it because a small broker with a desk and \$25 can do as much business under the free delivery system as a merchant with a large store and stock of goods.

The abandonment of the free delivery will naturally hasten the Georgia, Carolina and Northern in seeking to reach a freight terminal in the city. It is now two miles out and has never got consent from the Georgia road to use its tracks to the Seaboard's property on Hunter street. However, it has been reported recently that there is a prospect of an amicable arrangement being made between the Georgia road and the Seaboard system by which the latter can get to its freight depot site and the union depot.

WILL MEET TODAY.

The Joint Committee on the Elevated Depot and Railways.

The joint committee raised to consider the petition of ex-Governor Bullock and his associates will meet this morning in the council chamber.

The committee is composed of major pro. W. M. Reinharts, F. P. Rice, J. D. Turner, W. H. Hill, O. Renau, C. E. Murphy, and J. W. Stephens, of the general council, and J. G. Goodwin, city attorney, and R. M. Clayton city engineer.

The papers which these gentlemen will have to consider are quite important. At the last meeting of the general council ex-Governor Bullock and others petitioned for permission to construct, build, equip and operate an elevated railway and elevated depots. The principal committees now are:

Invitation—Lowndes Calhoun, chairman; L. O'Keefe, Forrest Adair, Frank P. Rice and Jake Haas.

Arrangements—Joe Hirsch, chairman; R. J. Lowry, Joe Tyc, Joe Jacobs and Charley Norren.

and members of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association. The appointment of a committee was asked so that a conference can be held and Col Stahlman appointed one.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONERS.

Pete McGovern is Coming Back to Atlanta at a Good Salary.

Mr. F. J. McGovern, general freight agent of the Georgia Pacific railroad, at Birmingham, has been appointed assistant commissioner to Colonel Stahlman, of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association. The appointment will take effect November 1st.

This does not relieve Colonel Slaughter, who has charge of the passenger association affairs, as Mr. McGovern will in the first instance fill the office of association. He was formerly with the Richmond and Danville in Atlanta and prior to that was assistant general freight agent of the Louisville and Nashville. He will be succeeded at Birmingham by H. C. Miller, division freight agent of the Alabama Midland, at Montgomery. A general agent will be appointed by the Plant system to fill Mr. Miller's place.

Mr. McGovern has a fine reputation as a man. He is thoroughly acquainted with the southern railroad field and will make Colonel Stahlman a reliable assistant and has been offered a good salary to take the position. Mr. McGovern was offered the position of general freight and passenger agent of the Georgia railroad last spring but declined it.

ASSOCIATION INSPECTOR.

Three New Ones Appointed to Watch Cotton Shipments.

Colonel E. R. Dorsey, formerly general freight and passenger agent of the Georgia railroad, has been appointed an inspector of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association at Augusta.

Mr. A. Shaw has been appointed an inspector here. He was formerly general superintendent of the Richmond and Petersburg railroads. He was afterward general manager of the same line. He is now in the produce business here in Atlanta.

F. S. Grimes has been appointed inspector at Rome.

Inspectors are to be appointed at Charlotte and Savannah and Brunswick.

IT IS SET FOR TODAY.

The Preliminary Trial of Walter Johnson charged with Killing Henry Freeland.

In the preliminary trial of Walter Johnson, charged with the killing of Henry Freeland, on Saturday afternoon with a hatchet he was set for this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock before Mr. Hill.

It was first set for a hearing yesterday afternoon, but Solicitor Hill was unable to be present, and two other material witnesses, Leon and Joe Johns, failed to appear.

The testimony will be rather lengthy, as there are four witnesses for the prosecution and perhaps as many as twenty who will testify in behalf of the defendant.

It is the opinion of the prosecution that Freeland and his friend Johnnie never followed Johnson to his home for the purpose of forcing him to fight against his will, but that Johnson agreed to it before the saloon, and it was a mutual understanding that they would take the car together and fight it out in the neighborhood of Johnson's home.

The additional complaint that he was

in his treatment of patients and in answer to the charges of the prosecution that he was a petty supreme dictator, whose "ipse dixit," was the law paramount to his regulations.

It was charged both in newsworthy publications that they met to examine, in addition to the more common day, approximately two persons at the same time, one in the hospital and one in the army, though out on a furlough from the latter, and drawing two salaries simultaneously, were briefly, the treatment of patients and to give them the value of their services.

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It was charged both in newsworthy publications that they met to examine, in addition to the more common day, approximately two persons at the same time, one in the hospital and one in the army, though out on a furlough from the latter, and drawing two salaries simultaneously, were briefly, the treatment of patients and to give them the value of their services.

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FUNERAL NOTICE.

REAN.—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. R. M. C. J. R. L. W. R. and Henry Bean, are requested to attend the funeral of Mr. R. M. Bean from his home at 101 Martin street, Friday morning, October 14th, at 10 o'clock. The following gentlemen are requested to act as pallbearers: Mr. Fred Miller, Mr. Mr. James Joson, Mr. L. W. Phillips and Mr. George Young. Interment at Westview.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

For Alderman.
The friends of Phil H. Harrison announce him as a candidate for alderman, subject to nomination by such method as may be suggested by the executive committee.

September 28. FOUTH WARD.
I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for alderman of the city of Atlanta, subject to nomination by a primary election or such other method as the city executive committee may direct, and solicit the support of my fellow citizens.

JOHN STEPHENS,
Jackson Street.

For Councilman.
I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for councilor for Fulton county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

A. N. COX.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of coroner of Fulton county, subject to the democratic nomination, if one is held. I am a Confederate soldier and lost my right leg in battle, besides being wounded three times.

JOHN M. PADER.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

Atlanta, October 13, 1892.
Atlanta Clearing Association Statement.
Clearings today \$ 8,151,82

Local Bond and Stock Quotations.

New York exchange buying at par; selling at 1/400 premium.

The following are bid and asked quotations:

FEDD CITY STOCKS.

New G. 3½% 27 to 30 years 88 100

New G. 3½% 68½ 100% 100 100

New J. 4½% 100 110 110

Ga. 1½% 100 111 111

Ana. 7½% 110 117 117

Georgia 7½ 100 113 113

Columbus 113

Savannah 104

Homestead 105½

Waterv. 101

Atlanta 104 110 115 115

ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.

Lowry Co. 140 100

Atlanta Co. 140 100

Ger. & H. Co. 100 100

Merc. & Co. 100 100

Bank of A. & W. P. 100 100

State St. of Ga. 100 100

Gate City Nat. 100 100

Capital Co. 100 100

Ga. Co. 100 100

Railroad Co. 100 100

Ga. Co. 100 100

Gas. Co. 100 100

Cent. Co. 100 100

H. A. L. Co. 100 100

THE NEW YORK MARKET.

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, October 13.—The stock market today was strong from the start to the finish. Probably the most significant feature of speculation was the increased activity and buoyancy of the market, a number of other stocks which has hitherto occupied a commercially unimportant position in the market. Among the latter the Western Union was conspicuous for its rise of 1-1/2 per cent on the favorable character of the annual report presented at yesterday's meeting of the stockholders. The market closed at 100 on the opening of the session.

The market was favorable at the opening by advice from London of a buoyant market for American securities. An advance ranging from 1-2 to 2 per cent was recorded, New England, Lake Erie and Western, Pennsylvania, and the railroads of Louisville and Nashville, Northern Pacific preferred, and the industrials leading the upward movement. During the afternoon, New England gas declined from 45 to 48 and a story about the alleged Boston and Maine deal. Chicago gas declined from 38 to 44 8-8 and advanced from 44 8-8 to 45 8-8, to 46 8-8 but the other active shares yielded only 1-1/2 to 1-5 per cent, and the market closed firm. Distilling and cattle feeding railroads, and the railroads of New England, Ohio Southern, Pullman palace car and Erie preferred advanced 1-2 to 1-3 per cent. Sales listed 327,000 bushels; unlisted 15,000.

Exchange week at \$85,467,000; commercial bills \$54,000.

Money easier at 4-1/2%, closing offered at 5%.

State treasury balance, Coln., \$85,034,000 currency \$70,000.

Commodities steady; ds 114%.

Stock bonds dull.

Alb. Class A 100 101 1/2

N. Y. Central 101 1/2

W. & S. Ry. 100 100 1/2

Co. de 100 100 1/2

A. C. C. Brown. 100 100 1/2

W. & S. Ry. 100 100 1/2

Tennessee 100 100 1/2

B. & W. P. Ter. 100 100 1/2

U. S. Natl. 100 100 1/2

U. S. Natl. 100 100 1/2

Virginia consol. 100 100 1/2

U. S. Natl. 100 100 1/2

THE STATE'S WARDS.

MERRY ORPHANS.

Georgia Has Nearly Two Thousand Convicts.

NINETY PER CENT. ARE COLORED.

Col. Jones, Principal Keeper of the Penitentiary, Submits an Interesting Report.

Colonel George H. Jones, principal keeper of the penitentiary, submitted his report yesterday for Governor Nathan. On October 1st there were 1,940 convicts in the penitentiary, 246 more than two years ago. Sixty-three escapes are still at large. There have been 107 deaths, many of them violent and accidental.

Of the convicts 164 are male whites, 1710 colored males, two white females, and forty-four colored females.

Ninety per cent of the inmates of the penitentiary are colored. Two-fifths of them are under twenty-one years of age and, singular to say, just about one-half are church members. Something over one hundred are Methodists and over five hundred are Baptists. Thirty-seven in every hundred can read and write and only four in every hundred read but do not write. Eight per cent of the convicts have served one or more times before.

Colonel Jones has handled more convicts than any previous keeper. There has been very little trouble with the prisoners and generally speaking, the lessees and bosses have co-operated with the keeper. Marked improvements have been made during the last two years in caring for the convicts.

The prisoners are distributed in seventeen camps. There are four camps in DeKalb county at which there are 631 convicts leased to the Dade Coal Company. These are engaged in mining, logging, and burning coke.

In the Chattahoochee Brick Company there are 604 convicts. James M. Smith has 203 employed on his farm and at saw mills. T. J. James has 104 working in sawmills, W. B. Law has 342 working at cotton mills, H. E. Johnson has 100 men, fifty-six in number, employed on his farm in Elbert county. The whites and blacks are kept in separate apartments.

In closing his report Colonel Jones complimented the assistant keeper, Colonel R. F. Wright, for his thorough and faithful work.

AN UNFORTUNATE MISTAKE.

Comptroller General Wright's Name Was Left Off the Ticket in Two Counties.

Captain Bradwell, the state school commissioner, who is just back from a visit to Tattnall and Liberty counties, says that by mistake Comptroller General Wright's name was left off the democratic tickets in those two counties.

In Liberty county, Captain Bradwell discovered the mistake himself before the polls opened and had the comptroller general's name written on the tickets. In some of the precincts the mistake was not discovered until the middle of the day, and as a result General Wright runs behind the rest of the state ticket.

In Tattnall county it was worse, for in only one precinct was the omission discovered.

At Reddsville, the county seat of Tattnall, General Wright did not get a single vote, and he has in that county some of the warmest friends who are greatly annoyed at not having voted for him.

The omission was a mistake, because the tickets were printed by a democrat, who deeply regrets the blunder himself.

CLIMBING THE GRADE.

The Railroad Department of the Y. M. C. A. is Growing Rapidly.

The Atlanta railroad department of the Young Men's Christian Association is making good progress toward an enlarged and all-round work among the railroad men of Atlanta.

During the last few days the resident officials of all the roads centering here have been called upon and the work was laid before them. They all agree that Atlanta is the key point to the development of the work through the south and were unanimous in expressing their desire to see the work extended. They gave assurance of their full endorsement of the work and their willingness to aid in its development in every way possible.

A committee of management, composed of railroad men, is soon to be formed. A canvas for members is now being inaugurated and will be pushed till a good large membership is secured.

The annual afternoon meeting opened in an encouraging manner last Sunday. It is expected that Rev. Dr. Norcross will address the meeting next Sunday.

The opening reception was such a success that another afternoon meeting is already talked of, and in a short time something interesting in this line will be announced. The reading room can be excelled by none in the city and every one is invited to make free use of it.

HE WEARS THE STRIPES.

Albert Thomas, the notorious horse dealer and swindler, was sent to the chain gang yesterday morning.

He is now serving in Donaldson's camp. His wife called upon him at the jail and Thomas went like a baby. He told her to sell all his effects as soon as she could get him out, but he expressly remanded her amid his sobs, never ceasing his trotting horse.

He did not want to part with that. There was another case against Albert Thomas and yesterday when the attorney for the plaintiff told him about it and asked him to do his best to get him out, he said that he had a daughter dying at Nashville from whom he expected to realize several thousand dollars in case of her death, and he requested the attorney to hold up the matter until he could hear some definite news.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

The Local Union Tonight Will be Addressed by Rev. C. P. Williamson.

The Park Street Methodist church of West End will be filled tonight with interested Christian Endeavorists.

The monthly union of all the young people's societies of the Christian Endeavor in the city will gather at 8 o'clock p.m. to listen to an instructive and interesting program and enjoy the social feature and good fellowship. The meeting will be addressed by Rev. Dr. J. W. Lee, Mrs. B. F. Price, Rev. W. W. Draper, etc.

Dr. J. W. Lee will conduct the devotional exercises. Mrs. Pin the Bible study, and an attractive feature will be an address by Rev. C. P. Williamson on "Grit: How to Get It and What It Can Do."

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. No Ammonia; No Alum. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

They Were Treated to an Oyster Dinner Yesterday.

DR. JACOBS MAKES A SHORT TALK

He is the Superintendent of the Thornwall Orphanage in South Carolina. Donations and Contributions.

Twelve little children are now happily housed at the Jennie D. Inman orphanage. The grounds in front and behind the building have been appropriated by the children for the purpose of outdoor fun and pleasure.

Every morning and afternoon the scene in the front yard is enlivened by the merry games of the little people and the passers by who cast a look over the hedge with a smile and a pleasant sight.

Dr. Jacobs, the superintendent of the Thornwall orphanage, at Clinton, S. C., has met with the ladies and has given them an interesting talk in regard to the management of the home.

"I am delighted with your magnificent building," said he, "and I cannot speak more eloquently of the liberal heart and mind that prompted such a noble gift."

The lecture which the senator delivered to the students and his family.

The orphanage had started out under far more favorable circumstances than the orphanage of which he was the superintendent. When the latter was organized about fifteen years ago their means were scanty and their only abundance was in the hearty feel desire which characterized the directors for the success and prosperity of their enterprise.

"We undertook," said he, "to provide for a dozen or more children in the beginning of the work without knowing where the meal was to come from. God smiled, however, upon the labor of our hands and has given us a steady income ever since."

The children were provided with a charming atmosphere of home life and were cozy little cottages.

The parents or guardians of the children were not required to subscribe to a written agreement relinquishing their claim for a specified time to the orphanage.

It was optional to a certain extent with the parents and they usually allowed the children to remain in the home as long as the directors saw fit to keep them, and they were only too happy to have them under their control.

The little town of Clinton was a small and quiet settlement, but the climate and surroundings are decidedly healthful, bringing out the color into the cheeks of the little people and feeding their spirits with the purifying and uplifting influences of semi-rural life.

The little boy objected to the Jennie D. Inman orphanage which is situated in a city like Atlanta. The hills are high and the breeze that play about their sunsets are healthy and exhilarating. It is more comfortable to the child of a particular age from which it can derive benefit, and it is to the benevolent spirit of people from a distance, who live beyond the radius of its benefactions."

The doctor described the interior organization and discipline of the orphanage, the methods that were employed by the board of directors in the general management and conduct of the orphans.

He talked of the visit of the board of directors to the institution and their appreciation was tangibly manifested by a cordial shaking of hands, accompanied by the hearty assurance that they were greatly impressed by his tall and dignified figure and his sound suggestions.

The meeting of the board of directors was specially called for the purpose of listening to the talk of Dr. Jacobs.

Dr. Bassett of the First Presbyterian church and Dr. Holdbery, of the Moon Memorial, were also present and were deeply interested in the remarks of Dr. Jacobs.

Dr. Jacobs left for South Carolina by the early afternoon train.

Oysters for Dinner.

The little inmates of the home were yesterday treated to an oyster dinner. It was the gift of Mr. Day and each one of the children was given a delightful bowl of soup.

The young ladies presented a beautiful sight as they gathered about the little tables that were spread before them in the dining room.

The generosity of the act was fully compensated by the hearty enjoyment which it kindled in the bosoms of the little family.

Donations and Contributions.

Several contributions were received yesterday, and the amount of \$100. The board of directors is made to the following parties: Jessie Rankin, \$15; Clarence Knowles, \$10; R. L. Palmer, \$5; a friend, \$1; Brewster & Howell, \$10; Cuyler Smith, \$5; Mrs. Anna Hillier, \$10; Mrs. W. C. Crankshaw, \$2; J. C. & I. Daniel, \$2; Simon & Froshin, \$2; Dr. Smith, \$5; G. J. Dallas, \$5; L. B. Folson, \$10; Beckard & Howell, \$10; Mrs. John Howell, \$10; and for Mrs. White, two comforts and a shawl.

For Mr. John Berry, one comfort, one blanket and clothing: Emory Marks, \$10; Mrs. G. W. Cross, \$10; Mrs. Julia Rappaport, \$10; Mrs. Richard & Son, large handkerchief; Mr. Mueller, goods to amount of \$3; J. A. Anderson, clothing to amount of \$5; J. Regenstein, \$5; R. C. Black, \$5; Atlanta Freight and Supply Company, \$10; Mrs. Brown, King Supply Company, \$10; Dr. Overholt, \$10; and dental services for an indefinite period; B. A. Carlton, two comforts; Mr. Day, oysters; T. A. Winslow, of American Notion Company, two comforts; L. C. & J. C. Daniel, \$1; W. S. Wilson, \$5; O. J. Daniel, \$5; C. C. Miller, 50 cents; W. W. White, \$10; Clark Hardware Company, \$10; McFadden & Co., \$5 in shoes; G. V. Gress, \$25.

New Sub-Committee.

The subcommittee in charge of the orphans for the present is as follows: Mrs. A. F. Weamer, Mrs. W. W. Draper, acting for Mrs. W. A. Moore, and Mrs. Captain Simpson, acting for Mrs. John A. Bowe.

Mrs. W. H. Tuller, the chairman of the board, will be here for the north today or tomorrow and Mrs. W. A. Moore, during her absence, will act as chairman and preside over the meetings.

M. Simpson, of Assistant Traffic Manager's force, is one of the brightest among the younger rate men.

"Wheezing" in children is soon cured by the famous Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

A PLEASANT CALL

Upon the Family of Senator Colquitt at Edgewood.

AN ANALYSIS OF LAUGHTER

Listened to by an Intelligent and Highly Cultured Audience—The Senator's Improvement.

A charming audience it was that gathered in the hospitable mansion of Senator Colquitt last night.

And right royally was it entertained by the senator and his elegant family.

The presentation which Senator Colquitt had labored so hard since July, while slowly passing away, has, nevertheless, kept him at home, with only an occasional visit to the home of a neighbor. With returning strength Senator Colquitt's desire for society and debate has increased. It chafed him greatly to miss the current discussions going on, and he longed for a return to active arena.

A day or two since it was decided that the head would come when this desire should be partially gratified. Rev. Mr. Clinton whose remarkable lecture on laughter is so widely known throughout the state kindly volunteered to repeat it in the parlors of the senator's residence.

It was a most delightful talk. The audience was greatly pleased by the senator and his neighbors as listeners.

At 7 o'clock the neighbors began to drop in in friendly fashion. It was an audience of Edgewood's beauty and chivalry. Prominent among them were Mr. and Mrs. Snook, Colonel and Mrs. John S. Candler, Mr. and Mrs. Shurlock, Mr. Harrelson, Mr. Hightower, Major Warren, Dr. Gibson, T. J. Gibson and numerous others. They were all gratified to find the marked improvement in Senator Colquitt's condition and congratulated him warmly.

The lecture by Mr. Clinton cannot be termed in any sense a brilliant oratorical effort, but it was a most interesting and instructive talk. He touched the humorous or sympathetic chord. It was a lecture which has to be heard to be appreciated, and which everybody ought to hear in order that they might appreciate it.

Colonel John S. Candler expressed the thanks of the guests both to Senator Colquitt and to the lecturer for the pleasure of the evening.

Refreshments were then served, and after an hour of social intercourse, the guests again took their seats and listened to a humorous rendering of an old war song by Rev. J. T. Gibson.

It was at a late hour that the assemblage reluctantly dispersed, with pleasant memories of Senator Colquitt and his charming wife and daughters.

CAN SEE THE CHILD.

An Order Is Issued by Judge Calhoun to Mrs. W. C. Hammond.

Mrs. Hammond can now see her child. When a divorce was granted Mrs. W. C. Hammond from his wife Mrs. M. J. Hammon, she retained the custody of her son, Walde, twelve months.

Last July Mrs. Hammond filed a writ of habeas corpus before Judge Calhoun for the possession of the child, and an order was issued to the sheriff to accept the possession of the boy to be at once in the home of the mother, but at the same time allowing the mother at certain intervals to visit her son.

The petition which was heard and decided yesterday by Judge Calhoun was made by Mr. Hammond's solicitor, and had not been allowed by Mr. Hammond to visit the child, and prayed the court to issue an order setting forth when and where she could see the boy, thereby enforcing the visiting order of the court made at the time of the decision in the habeas corpus case.

The following is the order of the court:

It is ordered that the petitioner Mrs. M. J. Hammon, and her son, Walde Terrell Hammon, once child of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Hammond, once wife of Mr. Hammond, shall be entitled to the custody of her son, Walde Terrell Hammon, for the time being.

Mr. Hammond is directed to pay to Dr. W. C. Hammond \$100 a month for the support of his son, Walde Terrell Hammon, and to pay to Mrs. M. J. Hammon \$100 a month for the support of her son, Walde Terrell Hammon.

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